Title: Rosalie P. Domingo vs. Atty. Jorge C. Sacdalan: A Disbarment Case

Facts: Rosalie P. Domingo engaged Atty. Jorge C. Sacdalan to reclaim possession of a land co-owned with her sister in Binangonan, Rizal. Domingo paid an acceptance fee (P75,000 in total), with payments on June 10 (P50,000) and June 27, 2016 (P25,000), plus a P50,000 deposit for litigation expenses on July 12, 2016.

After failed barangay conciliation, Domingo instructed Sacdalan to file an ejectment case. On August 16, 2016, Sacdalan asked for a P200,000 cash advance purportedly for his wife's hospital bills, to be offset against his fees. Domingo compassionately agreed to lend P100,000 thereof.

Inquiries into her case revealed no complaint was filed despite Sacdalan providing Domingo a received- stamped copy. Confronted, he blamed his staff and filed an ejectment complaint later, dismissed for lacking jurisdictional requisites, as per an MTC order dated October 10, 2016.

Domingo terminated the legal engagement on October 20, 2016, demanding back the P50,000 deposit and P100,000 cash advance. Through Atty. Luis Martin V. Tan, Domingo pressed for repayment with Sacdalan agreeing, yet failing, to comply. An official demand letter was ignored, leading to an administrative complaint for professional misconduct over the fake complaint and unpaid loans.

The IBP Commission mandated an answer on May 3, 2017, which Sacdalan delayed repeatedly. Following procedural delays and a non-appearance at a mandatory conference, only Domingo's lawyer submitted a position paper. The IBP's Report and Recommendation on March 8, 2018, affirmed Sacdalan's Code violations: misrepresentation, fraudulent receipt copies, and neglecting financial duties to Domingo, recommending a 2-year law practice suspension, modified by the IBP Board to include a P5,000 fine.

Issues:

- 1. Did Atty. Sacdalan engage in unlawful, dishonest, immoral, or deceitful conduct by presenting a fake complaint copy?
- 2. Did Atty. Sacdalan violate the client-lawyer fiduciary rule by borrowing money from a client without adequate protection of her interests?
- 3. Was Sacdalan's lack of communication with Domingo consistent with his duty under Rule 18.04 of the Code?
- 4. Was Sacdalan's disobedience to the IBP's orders indicative of unprofessional conduct

justifying penalties?

Court's Decision:

- 1. The Court ruled Sacdalan deceitfully breached Rule 1.01 by transmitting a forged complaint copy meant to mislead Domingo.
- 2. Violating Rule 16.04, Sacdalan improperly borrowed from a client without protecting her interests; such conduct is categorically unethical, abusing client trust.
- 3. Sacdalan failed to keep Domingo informed on her case status, contravening Rule 18.04, further compounding professional negligence and undermining client confidence.
- 4. His repeated disregard for IBP orders highlighted disrespect toward the professional body's authority, warranting a P5,000 fine.

The Court voided Sacdalan's actions and omissions, imposing disbarment and ordering a complete reimbursement with interest of monetary advancements Domingo made in good faith.

Doctrine:

- Lawyers must maintain integrity and trust, strictly prohibiting deceit, fraud, or dishonesty.
- Rule 16.04 mandates client protection against undue influence in financial dealings with lawyers.
- Rule 18.04 obliges attorneys to provide timely client updates on case progress.
- Disobedience to judicial oversight and professional regulatory orders constitutes gross misconduct.

Class Notes:

- Key elements: Lawyer-client fiduciary duty; Professional conduct standards; Borrowing restrictions.
- Verbatim rule: Rule 16.04, Rule 18.04 of the Code of Professional Responsibility.
- Disbarment for violation of ethical standards involving dishonesty and financial improprieties.

Historical Background: This case reflects continued vigilance in maintaining ethical standards in the Philippine legal profession, emphasizing the erosion of public trust by unethical lawyer conduct and reinforcing the judiciary's commitment to rigorous ethical enforcement among its officers.